

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Non-Detergent Lubricants

Other means of identification: Gulf Non-Detergent Lubricant, SAE 10W

Gulf Non-Detergent Lubricant, SAE 20 Gulf Non-Detergent Lubricant, SAE 30 Gulf Non-Detergent Lubricant, SAE 40 Gulf Non-Detergent Lubricant, SAE 50

**SDS Number**: 333900, 333902, 333904, 333906, 333908

CAS Number: Blend

CHEMTREC: EMERGENCY CONTACT 1-800-424-9300

Supplier:

Nu-Tier Brands, Inc., East Greenbush, NY

Under License from Gulf Oil LP

TECHNICAL CONTACT NUMBER: 1-800-566-4853

www.gulflubricants.net

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classified Hazards

This material is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

#### **Other Hazards**

None Known

#### **Label Elements**

No classified hazards

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS	Concentration
Distillates, petroleum, solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	0-95%
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	0-75%
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	0-45%
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	64742-56-9	0-30%
Non-Hazardous material	VARIOUS	<5%

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: If irritation or redness develops from exposure, flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician. (see Note to Physician)

**Inhalation:** First aid is not normally required. If breathing difficulties develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical attention.



Ingestion: First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Inhalation of oil mists or vapors generated at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Accidental ingestion can result in minor irritation of the digestive tract, nausea and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

**Notes to Physician:** Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

When using high-pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. In this case, the casualty should be sent immediately to the hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. High-pressure hydrocarbon injection injuries may produce substantial necrosis of underlying tissue despite an innocuous appearing external wound. These injuries often require extensive emergency surgical debridement and all injuries should be evaluated by a specialist in order to assess the extent of injury. Early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 0 Flammability: 1

Instability: 0



0 (Minimal)

1 (Slight)

2 (Moderate)

3 (Serious)

4 (Severe)

**Extinguishing Media**: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended. Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212°F/100°C. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

**Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards**: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of sulfur, nitrogen or phosphorus may also be formed.

**Special protective actions for firefighters:** For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

See Section 9 for Flammable Property Including Flash Point

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** This material may burn but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.



**Environmental Precautions:** Stop and contain spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard. Spills into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines that cause a sheen or discoloration on the surface of the water, may require notification of the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken. See Section 13 for information on appropriate disposal.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Spills will produce very slippery surfaces. High pressure injection of hydrocarbon fuels, hydraulic oils or greases under the skin may have serious consequences even though no symptoms or injury may be apparent. This can happen accidentally when using high pressure equipment such as high-pressure grease guns, fuel injection apparatus or from pinhole leaks in tubing of high-pressure hydraulic oil equipment.

Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and all sources of ignition. Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

All ventilation should be designed in accordance with OSHA standard (29 CFR 1910.94).

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Use of safety glasses and gloves are recommended.



Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	Other
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	As Oil Mist, if Generated	
	As Oil Mist, if Generated	·	
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
•	STEL: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	As Oil Mist, if Generated	
	As Oil Mist, if Generated		
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	As Oil Mist, if Generated	
	As Oil Mist, if Generated		
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	As Oil Mist, if Generated	
	As Oil Mist, if Generated		

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Data represents typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

Appearance: Amber, Transparent Flash Point: > 400 °F / > 204 °C (ASTM D92)

Physical Form: Liquid Test Method: Cleveland Open Cup (COC), ASTM D92

Odor: Petroleum Initial Boiling Point/Range: No data
Odor Threshold: No data Vapor Pressure: <1 mm Hg
pH: Not applicable Melting/Freezing Point: No data

Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data

Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data

Decomposition Temperature: No data

Decomposition Temperature: No data

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): No data Specific Gravity (water=1): 0.85-0.89 @ 60°F (15.6°C)

Particle Size: Not applicable Bulk Density: 7.12-7.38 lbs/gal

Percent Volatile: No data Viscosity: 3.0-21.0 cSt @ 100°C; 30.0 -220.0 cSt @40°C

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable Pour Point:  $< 5 \degree F / < -15 \degree C$ 

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**REACTIVITY:** Not chemically reactive.

**CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use. **POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:** Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause

decomposition

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents. **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly

refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

**Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:** Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single



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and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin: No additional information
Eyes: No additional information
Respiratory: No additional information

**Sensitization** 

Skin: No additional information Respiratory: No additional information

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary:** No additional information

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary:** No additional information **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)** 

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available

Information on the likely

routes of exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:No known significant effects or critical hazardsInhalation:No known significant effects or critical hazardsSkin contact:No known significant effects or critical hazardsIngestion:No known significant effects or critical hazardsSymptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact:No specific dataInhalation:No specific dataSkin contact:No specific dataIngestion:No specific data

Potential chronic health effects

General:
No known significant effects or critical hazards
No known significant effects or critical hazards
Mutagenicity:
No known significant effects or critical hazards
No known significant effects or critical hazards
No known significant effects or critical hazards
Pertility effects:
No known significant effects or critical hazards
No known significant effects or critical hazards



#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary:** Avoid exposing to the environment, no specific aquatic data available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available Bioaccumulative potential: Not available

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition: Not available

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### **DISPOSAL METHODS:**

Dispose in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Regulations may also apply to empty containers. The responsibility for proper waste disposal lies with the owner of the waste.

These products, if discarded, are not expected to be a characteristic or listed hazardous waste. If recycled as used oil in the USA, they can be managed in accordance with the used oil exemption under 40 CFR Part 279. Processing, use, or contamination by the user may change the waste code(s) applicable to the disposal of these products.

### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

#### U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

UN Number: Not regulated UN proper shipping name: None Transport hazard class(es): None

Packing Group: None

**Environmental Hazards:** This product does not meet the ADG/UN/IMDG/IMO criteria of a marine pollutant Special precautions for user: If shipped by land in a packaging having a capacity of 3,500 gallons or more, the provisions of 49 CFR, Part 130 apply.

(Contains oil)

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

#### CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

### CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

#### EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.



#### California Proposition 65

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

#### **International Inventories**

All components are either listed on the US TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA. All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein.

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, except that it is accurate to the best knowledge of Nu-Tier Brands, Inc.. The data on this sheet are related only to the specific material designated herein. Nu-Tier Brands, Inc. assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance upon these data.

**END OF MSDS** 

REASON FOR ISSUE ....: New

APPROVAL DATE ...... August 4, 2021